### **SABRE LAWN TRACTORS**

## TECHNICAL MANUAL

John Deere Worldwide Commercial and Consumer Equipment Division

TM1769 (03Mar00) Replaces TM1769 (25May99)



Models: 1438GS, 1438HS, 1438G, 1538HS, 1542HS, 1542G, 1542H, 15.538G, 15.538H, 15.542G, 15.542H, 1642G, 1642H, 1642HS, 1642HV, 1646H, 1646HS, 1646HV, 1742GS, 1742HS, 1846HV, 1846HMS, 2046HV This technical manual is written for an experienced technician and contains sections that are specifically for this product. It is a part of a total product support program.

The manual is organized so that all the information on a particular system is kept together. The order of grouping is as follows:

- · Table of Contents
- · Specifications
- Component Location
- · System Schematic
- · Theory of Operation
- · Troubleshooting Chart
- Diagnostics
- · Tests & Adjustments
- Repair

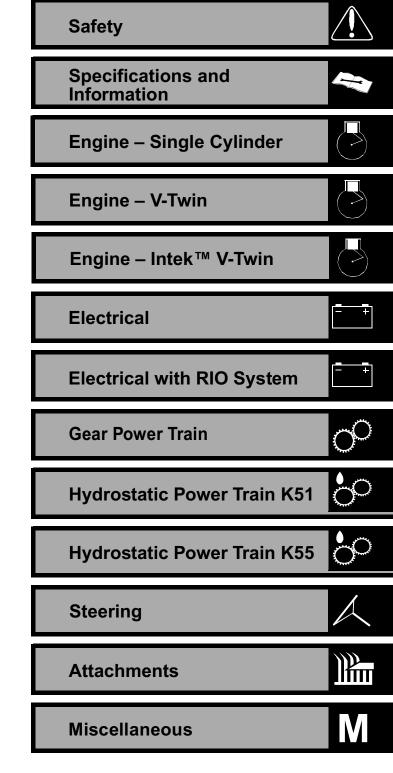
Note: Depending on the particular section or system being covered, not all of the above groups may be used.

Each section will be identified with a symbol rather than a number. The groups and pages within a section will be consecutively numbered.

We appreciate your input on this manual. If you find any errors, or want to comment on the layout of the manual, please mail your comments back to us.

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John Deere Worldwide Commercial and
Consumer Equipment Division
Horicon, WI
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#### SAFETY

#### RECOGNIZE SAFETY INFORMATION

This is the safety-alert symbol. When you see this symbol on your machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

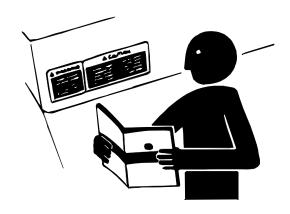
Follow recommended precautions and safe servicing practices.

#### **Understand Signal Words**

A signal word—DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION—is used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards.

DANGER or WARNING safety signs are located near specific hazards. General precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs. CAUTION also calls attention to safety messages in this manual.

#### REPLACE SAFETY SIGNS

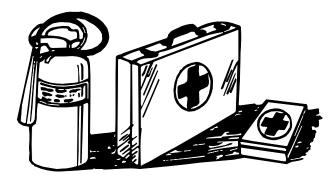


Replace missing or damaged safety signs. See the machine operator's manual for correct safety sign placement.

### HANDLE FLUIDS SAFELY-AVOID FIRES

#### **Be Prepared For Emergencies**





When you work around fuel, do not smoke or work near heaters or other fire hazards.

Store flammable fluids away from fire hazards. Do not incinerate or puncture pressurized containers.

Make sure machine is clean of trash, grease, and debris.

Do not store oily rags; they can ignite and burn spontaneously.

Be prepared if a fire starts.

Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.

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Thanks very much for your reading,

Want to get more information,

Please click here, Then get the complete
manual

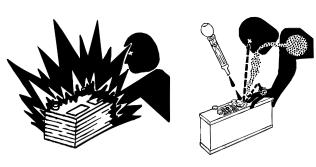


### **NOTE:**

If there is no response to click on the link above, please download the PDF document first, and then click on it.

Have any questions please write to me: admin@servicemanualperfect.com

### USE CARE IN HANDLING AND SERVICING BATTERIES



#### **Prevent Battery Explosions**

- Keep sparks, lighted matches, and open flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.
- Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a volt-meter or hydrometer.
- Do not charge a frozen battery; it may explode.
   Warm battery to 16°C (60°F).

#### **Prevent Acid Burns**

 Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous. It is strong enough to burn skin, eat holes in clothing, and cause blindness if splashed into eyes.

#### · Avoid acid burns by:

- 1. Filling batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- 2. Wearing eye protection and rubber gloves.
- Avoiding breathing fumes when electrolyte is added.
- 4. Avoiding spilling or dripping electrolyte.
- 5. Use proper jump start procedure.

#### · If you spill acid on yourself:

- 1. Flush your skin with water.
- Apply baking soda or lime to help neutralize the acid
- 3. Flush your eyes with water for 10 15 minutes.
- 4. Get medical attention immediately.

#### · If acid is swallowed:

- 1. Drink large amounts of water or milk.
- Then drink milk of magnesia, beaten eggs, or vegetable oil.
- 3. Get medical attention immediately.

#### USE CARE AROUND HIGH-PRESSURE FLUID LINES

#### **Avoid High-pressure Fluids**



Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

Avoid injury from escaping fluid under pressure by stopping the engine and relieving pressure in the system before disconnecting or connecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

If an accident occurs, see a doctor immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result. Doctors unfamiliar with this type of injury should reference a knowledgeable medical source. Such information is available from Deere & Company Medical Department in Moline, Illinois, U.S.A.

### **Avoid Heating Near Pressurized Fluid Lines**



Flammable spray can be generated by heating near pressurized fluid lines, resulting in severe burns to yourself and bystanders. Do not heat by welding, soldering, or using a torch near pressurized fluid lines or other flammable materials. Pressurized lines can be accidentally cut when heat goes beyond the immediate flame area.

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#### **USE SAFE SERVICE PROCEDURES**

#### **Wear Protective Clothing**



Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing. Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises.

Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating machine.

#### **Service Machines Safely**



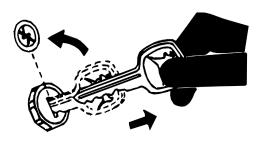
Tie long hair behind your head. Do not wear a necktie, scarf, loose clothing, or necklace when you work near machine tools or moving parts. If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

Remove rings and other jewelry to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.

#### **Use Proper Tools**

Use tools appropriate to the work. Makeshift tools and procedures can create safety hazards. Use power tools only to loosen threaded parts and fasteners. For loosening and tightening hardware, use the correct size tools. **DO NOT** use U.S. measurement tools on metric fasteners. Avoid bodily injury caused by slipping wrenches. Use only service parts meeting John Deere specifications.

#### Park Machine Safely



#### Before working on the machine:

- 1. Lower all equipment to the ground.
- 2. Stop the engine and remove the key.
- 3. Disconnect the battery ground strap.
- 4. Hang a "DO NOT OPERATE" tag in operator station.

## **Support Machine Properly And Use Proper Lifting Equipment**



If you must work on a lifted machine or attachment, securely support the machine or attachment.

Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tiles, or props that may crumble under continuous load. Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack. Follow recommended procedures in this manual.

Lifting heavy components incorrectly can cause severe injury or machine damage. Follow recommended procedure for removal and installation of components in the manual.

#### Work In Clean Area

#### Before starting a job:

- 1. Clean work area and machine.
- Make sure you have all necessary tools to do your job.
- 3. Have the right parts on hand.
- 4. Read all instructions thoroughly; do not attempt shortcuts.

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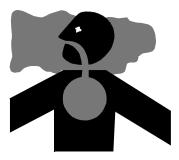
#### **Using High Pressure Washers**

Directing pressurized water at electronic/electrical components or connectors, bearings, hydraulic seals, fuel injection pumps or other sensitive parts and components may cause product malfunctions. Reduce pressure and spray at a 45 to 90 degree angle.

#### **Illuminate Work Area Safely**

Illuminate your work area adequately but safely. Use a portable safety light for working inside or under the machine. Make sure the bulb is enclosed by a wire cage. The hot filament of an accidentally broken bulb can ignite spilled fuel or oil.

#### **Work In Ventilated Area**



Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death. If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area, remove the exhaust fumes from the area with an exhaust pipe extension.

If you do not have an exhaust pipe extension, open the doors and get outside air into the area.

#### **WARNING: California Proposition 65**

Warning:

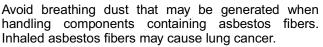
Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

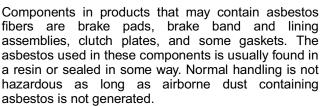
Gasoline engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

### Remove Paint Before Welding Or Heating

Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust. Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch. Do all work outside or in a well ventilated area. Dispose of paint and solvent properly. Remove paint before welding or heating: If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust. Wear an approved respirator. If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area. Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

#### **Avoid Harmful Asbestos Dust**





Avoid creating dust. Never use compressed air for cleaning. Avoid brushing or grinding material containing asbestos. When servicing, wear an approved respirator. A special vacuum cleaner is recommended to clean asbestos. If not available, apply a mist of oil or water on the material containing asbestos. Keep bystanders away from the area.

#### SERVICE TIRES SAFELY



Explosive separation of a tire and rim parts can cause serious injury or death.

Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to perform the job. Always maintain the correct tire pressure. Do not inflate the tires above the recommended pressure. Never weld or heat a wheel and tire assembly. The heat can cause an increase in air pressure resulting in a tire explosion. Welding can structurally weaken or deform the wheel.

When inflating tires, use a clip-on chuck and extension hose long enough to allow you to stand to one side and NOT in front of or over the tire assembly. Use a safety cage if available.

Check wheels for low pressure, cuts, bubbles, damaged rims or missing lug bolts and nuts.

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# AVOID INJURY FROM ROTATING BLADES, AUGERS AND PTO SHAFTS



Keep hands and feet away while machine is running. Shut off power to service, lubricate or remove mower blades, augers or PTO shafts.

### HANDLE CHEMICAL PRODUCTS SAFELY





Direct exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Potentially hazardous chemicals used with John Deere equipment include such items as lubricants, coolants, paints, and adhesives.

A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provides specific details on chemical products: physical and health hazards, safety procedures, and emergency response techniques. Check the MSDS before you start any job using a hazardous chemical. That way you will know exactly what the risks are and how to do the job safely. Then follow procedures and recommended equipment.

#### **Dispose of Waste Properly**

Improperly disposing of waste can threaten the environment and ecology. Potentially harmful waste used with John Deere equipment include such items as oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid, filters, and batteries. Use leakproof containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them. Do not pour waste onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source. Inquire on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste from your local environmental or recycling center, or from your John Deere dealer.

#### LIVE WITH SAFETY



Before returning machine to customer, make sure machine is functioning properly, especially the safety systems. Install all guards and shields.

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#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Engine (Single Cylinder):
Make Briggs and Stratton
Style
Models:
14 Horsepower       287707         15 Horsepower       28N700
15.5 Horsepower
16 Horsepower (Cast Iron Sleeve)
TypeGasoline, Air Cooled, Single Cylinder, 4-Cycle
Lubrication
Crankcase Oil Capacity
Oil: Warm Climate (Above 40°F)
Cold Climate (Below 40°F)SE, SF, SG, SAE 10W30
Ignition System
Magneto Air Gap
Charging System
Charging Capacity
Spark Plugs
Spark Plug Air Gap
Starter TypeBendix Inertia Drive Fuel Shut-Off SolenoidReplaceable (Below Carburetor Float Bowl)
FUEL SULLEVIL SCIEDOIO REDISCESCIE (DEIOW CSIDOTEIO) FIOST DOWN
Tadi dilat dii dolonda
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):
·
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):         Make       Briggs and Stratton         Style       Vertical Shaft         Models:       16 Horsepower (V-Twin)       303777         18 Horsepower (V-Twin)       350777
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):         Make       Briggs and Stratton         Style       Vertical Shaft         Models:       303777         16 Horsepower (V-Twin)       350777         Type       Gasoline, Air Cooled, V-Twin Cylinder, 4-Cycle
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make Briggs and Stratton Style Vertical Shaft Models:  16 Horsepower (V-Twin) 303777 18 Horsepower (V-Twin) 350777 Type Gasoline, Air Cooled, V-Twin Cylinder, 4-Cycle Lubrication Fully Pressurized Oil Filter Single Element, Full Flow, Spin-On Filter
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make Briggs and Stratton Style Vertical Shaft Models:  16 Horsepower (V-Twin) 303777 18 Horsepower (V-Twin) 350777 Type Gasoline, Air Cooled, V-Twin Cylinder, 4-Cycle Lubrication. Fully Pressurized Oil Filter Single Element, Full Flow, Spin-On Filter Crankcase Oil Capacity:
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make Briggs and Stratton Style Vertical Shaft Models:  16 Horsepower (V-Twin) 303777 18 Horsepower (V-Twin) 350777 Type Gasoline, Air Cooled, V-Twin Cylinder, 4-Cycle Lubrication Fully Pressurized Oil Filter Single Element, Full Flow, Spin-On Filter Crankcase Oil Capacity: without oil filter 1.42 L (1.5 qt) with oil filter 1.66 L (1.75 qt)
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make Briggs and Stratton Style Vertical Shaft Models:  16 Horsepower (V-Twin) 303777 18 Horsepower (V-Twin) 350777  Type Gasoline, Air Cooled, V-Twin Cylinder, 4-Cycle Lubrication. Fully Pressurized Oil Filter Single Element, Full Flow, Spin-On Filter Crankcase Oil Capacity: without oil filter 1.42 L (1.5 qt) with oil filter 1.66 L (1.75 qt) Oil: Warm Climate (Above 40°F) SE, SF, SG, SAE 30W Cold Climate (Below 40°F) SE, SF, SG, SAE 10W30 Ignition System Magnetron® Magneto Ignition Magneto Air Gap 0.20 - 0.30 mm (0.008 - 0.012 in.) Charging System Dual Circuit (AC/DC) Charging Capacity 2 - 4 amps, 14 volts DC@3600 rpm (Unregulated)
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make
Engine (V-Twin Vanguard):  Make



Engine (V-Twin Intek™):
Make Briggs and Stratto
Style
Model:
20 Horsepower (V-Twin)
TypeGasoline, Air Cooled, V-Twin Cylinder, 4-Cycl
Lubrication
Oil Filter
Crankcase Oil Capacity:
without oil filter
with oil filter
Oil: Warm Climate (Above 40°F)
Ignition System
Magneto Air Gap
Charging System
Charging Capacity
Spark Plugs M78543 (Champion RC-12 YC
Spark Plug Air Gap
Starter TypeBendix Inertia Driv
Fuel Shut-Off Solenoid Replaceable (Below Carburetor Float Bow
Electrical:
Battery Type
Battery Cranking Amps
Battery Cold Cranking Amps190 amps at 0° C (32° F
Battery Specific Gravity
Headlight BulbsType 1156, 12 Vo
Fuel/Air System:
Carburetor Make
Carburetor Type
Throttle/Choke
•
Carburetor Fuel Shut-Off Solenoid ( Optional)
Fuel Delivery
Fuel Filter
Fuel Type
Fuel Tank Capacity
Air Filter Paper Element with Foam Pre-cleane
Muffler Anti-Backfire Horizontal Discharge Below Fram
Brakes
Location
_
Type: Gear Transaxle Single, External Brake Disc With Dual Friction Puck
Hydrostatic Transaxle
, and the state of
Treation Drive Bolts
Traction Drive Belt:
Gear
New Belt Length
Minimum Effective Length
Maximum Effective Length

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Hydro—K51 Transmission.2435 ± 8 mm (95.87New Belt Length.2427 mm (Minimum Effective Length.2427 mm (Maximum Effective Length.2443 mm (Hydro—K55 Transmission.2485 ± 8 mm (97.8New Belt Length.2477 mmMinimum Effective Length.2477 mmMaximum Effective Length.2530 mm	95.55 in.) 96.18 in.) ± 0.3 in.) (97.5 in.)
Gear Transaxle	
Make	Transaxle near Shiff (1.5 mph) (2.0 mph) (3.1 mph) (4.0 mph)
Reverse	(2.3 mph) //120263) //119608)
Hydro Transaxle K51         Make	Transaxle ydrostatio -5.3 mph) -3.3 mph)
Reservoir	
Hydro Transaxle K55         Make	Transaxle ydrostatio -5.3 mph) -2.6 mph) Class CD . Internal
Chassis:         Wheelbase       1178.2 mm (control of the control of the cont	m (60 in.) 35.75 in.) (38.6 in.) (391 lbs)



Average Overall Weight 46 inch (With Mower Deck, No Fuel) 191.42 kg (422 lbs) Hitch Capacity—  Export:
Horizontal Pull Maximum
Trailer Load Maximum
Steering:
Type
Wheels:
Size—       Front       6.0 x 4.50         Rear.       8.0 x 6.18
Tires:
Size—         Front       13 x 6.50—6 NHS (2 ply)         Rear.       18 x 9.50—8 NHS (2 ply)
Pressure— Front (with mower deck)
PTO Drive
TypeV-Belt Clutch TypeManual Belt Tensioning Control LocationLever on dash
Mower Deck Drive Belt
38-Inch Deck—  Actual effective length
42-Inch Deck (Single Cylinder Engine)— Actual effective length
42-Inch Deck (V-Twin Engine)— Actual effective length
46-Inch Deck (Single Cylinder Engine)—  Actual effective length
Actual effective length

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#### **Mower Deck:**

38-Inch Mower Deck—
Type Rotary—Dual Spindles (Non-Serviceable)
Material TypeStamped 2.5 mm (0.098 in.) Nominal Gauge Steel
Cutting Blade
Blade Cutting Edge
Blade Wing Lift/Height
Overall Cutting Width
Overall Width (w/o discharge chute)
Drive Type
Spindle Lubrication
Lift TypeManual - Operator's Station
Cutting SettingsSeven: 25.4 - 101.6 mm (1.0 - 4.0 in.)
42-Inch Mower Deck—
Type Rotary—Dual Spindles (Non-Serviceable)
Material TypeStamped 2.5 mm (0.098 in.) Nominal Gauge Steel
Cutting Blade
Blade Cutting Edge
Blade Wing Lift/Height
Overall Cutting Width
Overall Width (w/o discharge chute)
Drive Type
Spindle Lubrication None—Sealed Bearings
Lift Type
Cutting Settings Seven: 25.4 - 101.6 mm (1.0 - 4.0 in.)
46-Inch Mower Deck—
TypeRotary—Triple Spindles (Non-Serviceable)
Material Type Stamped 2.5 mm (0.098 in.) Nominal Gauge Steel
Cutting Blade Three - 50.8 x 5 x 407.4 mm (2 x 0.2 x 16 in.)
Blade Cutting Edge
Blade Wing Lift/Height
Overall Cutting Width
Overall Width (W/O Discharge Chute)
Drive Type
Spindle Lubrication
Lift TypeManual - Operator's Station
Cutting Settings
Implement Lift
·
Lift System



#### **INCH TORQUE VALUES**



SAE Grade and Head Markings	No Marks	5 5.1 5.2	8.2
SAE Grade and Nut Markings	No Marks		

	Grade	e 1			Grade 2 <sup>b</sup>				Grade	5, 5.1	or 5.2		Grade 8 or 8.2			
Size	Lubric	cateda	Dry <sup>a</sup>		Lubric	ateda	Dry <sup>a</sup>	Dry <sup>a</sup> l		Lubricated <sup>a</sup>		Dry <sup>a</sup>		Lubricated <sup>a</sup>		
	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft
1/4	3.8	2.8	4.7	3.5	6	4.4	7.5	5.5	9.5	7	12	9	13.5	10	17	12.5
5/16	7.7	5.7	9.8	7.2	12	9	15.5	11.5	19.5	14.5	25	18.5	28	20.5	35	26
3/8	13.5	10	17.5	13	22	16	27.5	20	35	26	44	32.5	49	36	63	46
7/16	22	16	28	20.5	35	26	44	32.5	56	41	70	52	80	59	100	74
1/2	34	25	42	31	53	39	67	49	85	63	110	80	120	88	155	115
9/16	48	35.5	60	45	76	56	95	70	125	92	155	115	175	130	220	165
5/8	67	49	85	63	105	77	135	100	170	125	215	160	240	175	305	225
3/4	120	88	150	110	190	140	240	175	300	220	380	280	425	315	540	400
7/8	190	140	240	175	190	140	240	175	490	360	615	455	690	510	870	640
1	285	210	360	265	285	210	360	265	730	540	920	680	1030	760	1300	960
1-1/8	400	300	510	375	400	300	510	375	910	670	1150	850	1450	1075	1850	1350
1-1/4	570	420	725	535	570	420	725	535	1280	945	1630	1200	2050	1500	2600	1920
1-3/8	750	550	950	700	750	550	950	700	1700	1250	2140	1580	2700	2000	3400	2500
1-1/2	990	730	1250	930	990	730	1250	930	2250	1650	2850	2100	3600	2650	4550	3350

DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. Torque values listed are for general use only. Check tightness of fasteners periodically.

Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical grade.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same or higher grade. If higher grade fasteners are used, these should only be tightened to the strength of the original.

Make sure fasteners threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. This will prevent them from failing when tightening.

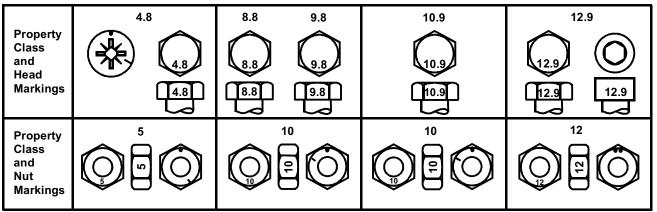
Tighten plastic insert or crimped steel-type lock nuts to approximately 50 percent of the dry torque shown in the chart, applied to the nut, not to the bolt head.

Tighten toothed or serrated-type lock nuts to the full torque value.

- <sup>a</sup> "Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, or fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings.
  - "Dry" means plain or zinc plated without any lubrication.
- b Grade 2 applies for hex cap screws (not hex bolts) up to 152 mm (6 in.) long. Grade 1 applies for hex cap screws over 152 mm (6 in.) long, and for all other types of bolts and screws of any length.

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#### **METRIC TORQUE VALUES**



	Class	4.8			Class	8.8 or	9.8		Class	10.9			Class 12.9				
Size Lubricated <sup>a</sup>		bricated <sup>a</sup> Dry <sup>a</sup>		Lubricated <sup>a</sup> Dry <sup>a</sup>			Lubricated <sup>a</sup> Dry <sup>a</sup>			Lubricateda		Dry <sup>a</sup>					
	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	Nm	lb-ft	
M6	4.7	3.5	6	4.4	9	6.6	11.5	8.5	13	9.5	16.5	12.5	15.5	11.5	19.5	14.5	
M8	11.5	8.5	14.5	10.7	22	16	28	20.5	32	23.5	40	29.5	37	27.5	47	35	
M10	23	17	29	21	43	32	55	40	63	46	80	59	75	55	95	70	
M12	40	29.5	50	37	75	55	95	70	110	80	140	105	130	95	165	120	
M14	63	46	80	59	120	88	150	110	175	130	220	165	205	150	260	190	
M16	100	74	125	92	190	140	240	175	275	200	350	225	320	235	400	300	
M18	135	100	175	125	265	195	330	245	375	275	475	350	440	325	560	410	
M20	190	140	245	180	375	275	475	350	530	390	675	500	625	460	790	580	
M22	265	195	330	245	510	375	650	480	725	535	920	680	850	625	108	800	
M24	330	245	425	315	650	480	820	600	920	680	115	850	108	800	135	100	
M27	490	360	625	460	950	700	1200	885	1350	1000	1700	1250	1580	1160	200	1500	
M30	660	490	850	625	1290	950	1630	1200	1850	1350	2300	1700	2140	1700	2700	2000	
M33	900	665	1150	850	1750	1300	2200	1625	2500	1850	3150	2325	2900	2150	3700	2730	
M36	1150	850	1450	1075	2250	1650	2850	2100	3200	2350	4050	3000	3750	2770	4750	3500	

DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. Torque values listed are for general use only. Check tightness of fasteners periodically.

Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical property class.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same or higher property class. If higher property class fasteners are used, these should only be tightened to the strength of the original.

Make sure fasteners threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. This will prevent them from failing when tightening.

Tighten plastic insert or crimped steel-type lock nuts to

approximately 50 percent of the dry torque shown in the chart, applied to the nut, not to the bolt head. Tighten toothed or serrated-type lock nuts to the full torque value.

<sup>a</sup> "Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, or fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings.

"Dry" means plain or zinc plated without any lubrication.



#### **GASOLINE**



### CAUTION

Gasoline is HIGHLY FLAMMABLE, handle it with care.

#### DO NOT refuel machine while:

- · indoors, always fill gas tank outdoors;
- · machine is near an open flame or sparks;
- · engine is running, STOP engine;
- · engine is hot, allow it to cool sufficiently first;
- · smoking.

#### Help prevent fires:

- · fill gas tank to bottom of filler neck only;
- · be sure fill cap is tight after fueling;
- · clean up any gas spills IMMEDIATELY;
- keep machine clean and in good repair–free of excess grease, oil, debris, and faulty or damaged parts;
- any storage of machines with gas left in tank should be in an area that is well ventilated to prevent possible igniting of fumes by an open flame or spark, this includes any appliance with a pilot light.

To prevent fire or explosion caused by STATIC ELECTRIC DISCHARGE during fueling:

• ONLY use a clean, approved POLYETHYLENE PLASTIC fuel container and funnel WITHOUT any metal screen or filter.

#### To avoid engine damage:

- · DO NOT mix oil with gasoline;
- ONLY use clean, fresh unleaded gasoline with an octane rating (anti-knock index) of 87 or higher;
- fill gas tank at the end of each day's operation to help prevent condensation from forming inside a partially filled tank;
- keep up with specified service intervals.

Use of alternative oxygenated, gasohol blended, unleaded gasoline is acceptable as long as:

- the ethyl or grain alcohol blends DO NOT exceed 10% by volume or
- methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) blends DO NOT exceed 15% by volume.



IMPORTANT: DO NOT use METHANOL gasoline because METHANOL is harmful to the environment and to your health.



### **WARNING**

<u>California Proposition 65 Warning:</u> Gasoline engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

#### **GASOLINE STORAGE**

IMPORTANT: Keep all dirt, scale, water or other foreign material out of gasoline.

Keep gasoline stored in a safe, protected area. Storage of gasoline in a clean, properly marked ("UNLEADED GASOLINE") POLYETHYLENE PLASTIC container WITHOUT any metal screen or filter is recommended. DO NOT use de-icers to attempt to remove water from gasoline or depend on fuel filters to remove water from gasoline. Use a water separator installed in the storage tank outlet. BE SURE to properly discard unstable or contaminated gasoline. When storing unit or gasoline, it is recommended that you add John Deere Gasoline Conditioner and Stabilizer (TY15977) or an equivalent to the gasoline. BE SURE to follow directions on container and to properly discard empty container.

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#### **ENGINE OIL**

Use the appropriate oil viscosity based on the expected air temperature range during the period between recommended oil changes. Operating outside of these recommended oil air temperature ranges may cause premature engine failure.

The following John Deere oil is **PREFERRED**:

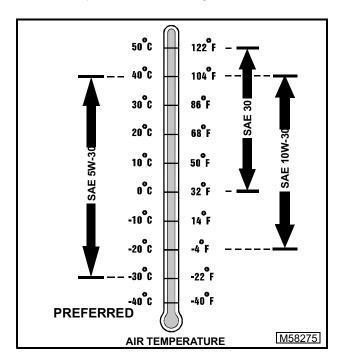
- TORQ-GARD SUPREME®—SAE 5W-30.
- UNI-GARD™—SAE 5W-30.

The following John Deere oils are **also recommended**, based on their specified temperature range:

- TURF-GARD®-SAE 10W-30:
- UNI-GARD™—SAE 10W-30;
- PLUS-4®-SAE 10W-30;
- TORQ-GARD SUPREME®—SAE 30.
- UNI-GARD™—SAE 30.

Other oils may be used if above John Deere oils are not available, provided they meet one of the following specifications:

- SAE 5W-30—API Service Classification SG or higher;
- SAE 10W-30—API Service Classification SG or higher;
- SAE 30—API Service Classification SC or higher.
- CCMC Specification G4 or higher.



**John Deere Dealers:** You may want to cross-reference the following publications to recommend the proper oil for your customers:

- Module DX, ENOIL2 in JDS-G135;
- Section 530, Lubricants & Hydraulics, of the John

Deere Merchandise Sales Guide;

· Lubrication Sales Manual PI7032.

#### ENGINE BREAK-IN OIL



IMPORTANT: ONLY use a quality break-in oil in rebuilt or remanufactured engines for the first 5 hours (maximum) of operation. DO NOT use oils with heavier viscosity weights than SAE 5W-30 or oils meeting specifications API SG or SH (North America); or oils meeting CCMC Specification G5 (Europe). These oils will not allow rebuilt or remanufactured engines to break-in properly.

The following John Deere oil is **PREFERRED**:

• BREAK-IN ENGINE OIL.

John Deere BREAK-IN ENGINE OIL is formulated with special additives for aluminum and cast iron type engines to allow the power cylinder components (pistons, rings, and liners as well) to "wear-in" while protecting other engine components, valve train and gears, from abnormal wear. Engine rebuild instructions should be followed closely to determine if special requirements are necessary.

**John Deere BREAK-IN ENGINE OIL** is also recommended for non-John Deere engines, both aluminum and cast iron types.

The following John Deere oil is **also recommended** as a break-in engine oil:

• TORQ-GARD SUPREME®—SAE 5W-30.

If the above recommended John Deere oils are not available, use a break-in engine oil meeting the following specification during the first 5 hours (maximum) of operation:

- SAE 5W-30—API Service Classification SE or higher.
- SAE 5W-30—CCMC Specification G4 or higher.

IMPORTANT: After the break-in period, use the John Deere oil that is recommended for this engine.